

# Public-Private Partnerships, IMI and the 7<sup>th</sup> Framework Programme for Research

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## Key messages



New precompetitive research tools

Public-Private Partnership as a new approach to support research in FP7 Health Theme

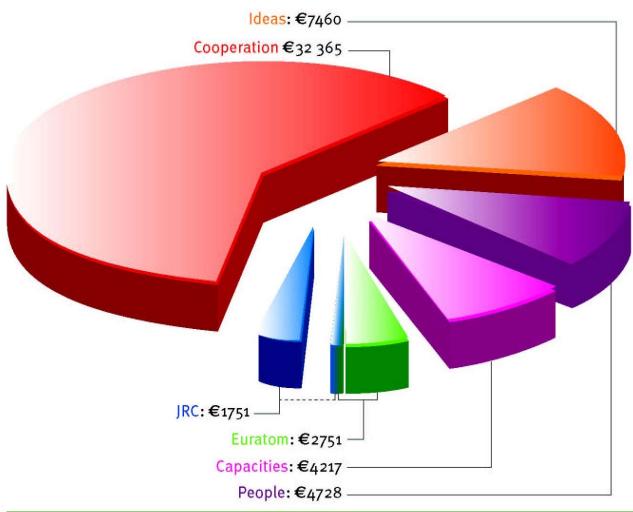
Re-invigorate the drug development process

Increase competitiveness EU pharma sector



### **The Framework Programme 7**





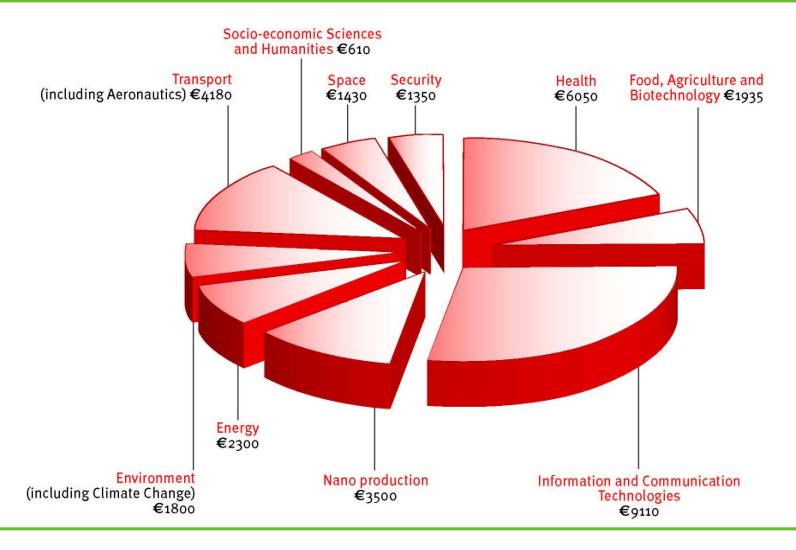
FP7 budget (2007-2013):

€55 billion



# Cooperation programme: thematic areas (€32.4 billion) (I)







# Cooperation programme: thematic areas (€32.4 billion) (II)



#### **Thematic Priorities:**

1.	Health	6.1
2.	Food, agriculture, fisheries and biotechnology	1.9
3.	Information and communication technologies	9.1
4.	Nanosciences, nanotechnologies, materials	
	and new production technologies	3.5
5.	Energy	2.3
6.	Environment (including climate change)	1.9
7.	Transport (including aeronautics)	4.2
8.	Socio-economic sciences and the humanities	0.6
9.	Security & 10. Space	<u>2.8</u>
	Total for collaborative research	€32.4 billion



# Cooperation programme: the Health theme



#### Main policy drivers

- Improving health of European citizens
- Increasing competitiveness of European healthrelated industries and businesses
- Addressing global health issues, including emerging epidemics



# FP7 proposes tools adapted to specific research challenges



'classical' collaborative research



support for SMEs ERA-NETs

> Marie-Curie





# Why a Public-Private Partnership in the Health Theme?



#### Joint Technology Initiatives

- Coordinated research efforts addressing industry needs
- Need for long-term partnership in research at European level
- Inability of existing instruments to achieve the objectives
- New approach to financing R&D New element of FP7

### What do we want to address?

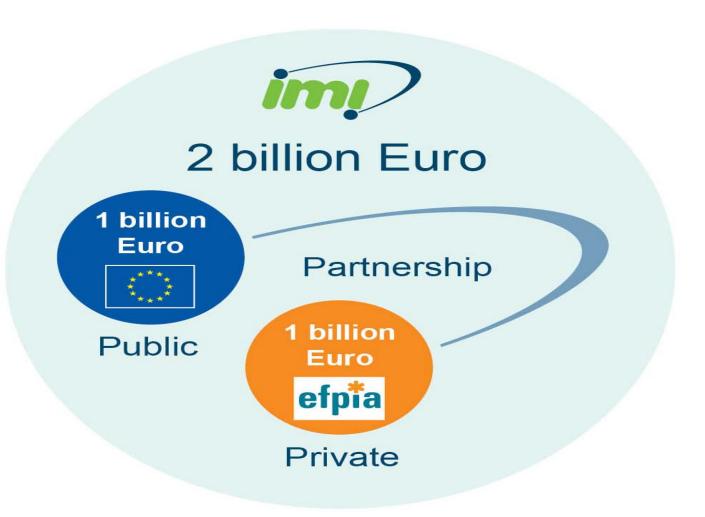


- Decline in R&D industrial productivity despite steadily increasing R&D spend
  - => research bottlenecks in the drug development process
- Loss of European competitiveness in the sector
- ⇒ Set up of the Innovative Medicines Initiative Joint Undertaking (IMI JU)



# IMI is the world-largest PPP in health sciences research







### Status of the IMI Joint Undertaking



- Joint Undertaking established under European Law
- Use of Article 187 of the TFEU (ex-171 of TEC)
- The IMI JU is an autonomous Union Body
- Includes principles of public accountability
- Commission and EFPIA are both Members of the Governing Board

# Complementarity with other FP7 activities



- IMI JU supported-activities expected to generate pre-competitive research tools, in order to make drug development safer and more efficient, for the benefit of the patients
- Specific research approach based on a broad and unique partnership (different from FP7 "classical" collaborative research)
- The IMI JU should not support research for the purpose of research (i.e. not just another source of funding)



### Particular challenges (I)



- Problem-solving approach
- Innovation
- Potential to "unlock" a specific area (address unmet medical needs)
- New research tools to be rapidly and broadly spread and taken up within the scientific/industrial community



### Particular challenges (II)



- Dialogue with the regulatory authorities
- Work beyond usual habits
- Change of behaviour
- Trust between partners



### What are our main expectations?



- Use the new pre-competitive research tools to reinvigorate the drug development process for the benefit of the patients
- Create critical mass/networks:
  - To consolidate researchers networks and publicprivate collaborations
  - To offer new marketing possibilities
  - To reinforce investment in the pharmaceutical sector in Europe



### **Future of Public-Private Partnerships**



Communication of the Commission on Public-Private Partnerships (November 2009)

"Mobilising private and public investment for recovery and long term structural change: developing Public Private Partnerships"

