



Initial outcomes of the socioeconomic impact report

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What is socio-economic impact?

- Improvements in wealth
 - Pharmaceutical industry is an important sector of the economy in Europe
 - Key for future economic growth based on progress in life sciences
- Improvements in health
 - New medicines are an important factor for improved outcome and efficiency in health care



Life cycle perspective on drug development

Simvastatin as example. Swedish data

Table 1 Sales, social surplus (million € per million inhabitants) of simvastatin treatment, and the distribution of surplus appropriation over time

Period	1987-2002	2003-2008	2009-2018	2019-28	Total
Total sales	50	19	25	19	113
Savings (direct and indirect costs)	5	12	24	19	59
Net social costs	45	7	1	0	54
Consumer surplus					
Based on VSL	161	501	948	706	2,315
Based on LYG	90	325	602	448	1,465
Based on QALY	54	237	454	338	1,083
Producer surplus (profit)	40	4	5	4	52



Lindgren P, Jönsson B.

Cost-effectiveness of statins revisited: lessons learned about the value of

innovation.

Eur J Health Egon. 2012 Aug;13(4):445-50

What creates socio-economic impact?

- IMI is an investment in medical research
 - The primary outcome is improved medical knowledge
- It is the research output that creates the socioeconomic impact
 - Difficult to measure the quantity and quality of research output
 - IMI is in this way not different from national investments in medical research



What should we look for?

- Potential market failures
 - Investments where private returns are lower than social returns
 - Long term investments (beyond patent protection)
 - Free rider problems (where collaboration pay off)
 - Reward system inadequate (antibiotics)
- Additionality
 - What is not done by other actors
 - At the national level
 - By other industry or PPP collaboration

IMIDIA as an example

- Diabetes a major health problem
- Juvenile diabetes has low incidence but the socioeconomic benefits of a cure are huge
- Investments in development of new approaches to drug development will have greater social than private benefits
- Creates "first mover advantage" for European pharmaceutical industry for development of new drugs in an important market



How do we provide evidence about socio-economic impact?

Innovation system

Intermediate outcomes

Final outcomes



Three levels for impact assessment

Innovation system Knowledge inputs

R&D IMIDIA, MARCAR, NEWMEDS

Training

PHARMATRAIN

Demands side activities

Safety (PROTECT)

Organisation and institutions

IMI

Support activitiess

Intermediate
Outcomes

Scientific publications

Patents

Licences

Databases

Products

Consortia

Number of trained persons

Final outcomes

Reduction of costs and time in the development process

Priority medicines and health benefits

New businesses

Sales and employment



IMIDIA: Summary of potential socio-economic impact

Research Impacts	Yes	No	Maybe
Follow-on Research	\boxtimes		
Research Staff Trained	\boxtimes		
Consortia Established	\boxtimes		
Product & Business Development	Yes	No	Maybe
New business established			\boxtimes
Licenses to existing business	\boxtimes		
New product to market		\boxtimes	
Process of productivity gain		\boxtimes	
Impact on product development process	\boxtimes		
Health System Benefits	Yes	No	Maybe
Improved Health		\boxtimes	
Healthcare Costs		\boxtimes	
Workforce Health		\boxtimes	
Policy	Yes	No	Maybe
New policies implemented		\boxtimes	
Regulations changed		\boxtimes	

IMIDIA: Summary of potential socioeconomic impact

- 70+ scientific papers
- The human beta cell line available, via SME partner in the project, Endocell
- Discovery of plasma biomarkers, that when fully validated, will provide a tool for type 2 diabetes taxonomy and the evaluation of treatments.
- World's largest biobank of human beta cell samples, all based on the same protocols and quality standards, a specific benefit of collaboration.
- A large database of information, that provides the basis for on-going work. The data is held and managed by the Lausanne Institute of Bioinformatics.
- Progress with the imaging of the pancreas, which is important since the cells that produce insulin are scattered so difficult to see and so complex imaging techniques are need.
- Development of a systems biology approach to animal models.



IMI Socio-economic Impacts Evaluation Expert Group

- Progress report delivered (19 February)
- Assessment of four projects
 - IMIDIA, MARCAR, NEWMEDS, PHARMATRAIN
 - Total investment of €73.0 million. €26.6 million from IMI1
- Next step
 - 5-6 additional projects
 - Final analysis and conclusions
- Final report mid April, 2016







Thank you

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